

# Distributor Update 2020





# Agenda

# **New Marketing Material**

Datasheets, Catalogs and more

# Technologies / Portfolio / Applications

- Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitors
- Solid Conductive Polymer Capacitors
- Hybrid Conductive Polymer Capacitors





# **Short Introduction**

# Our Team Mates



Thomas Steidl

Head of Business Development
Oversea Sales Division



# **Background:**

- > 20 years of experience in technical sales, product marketing, field application engineering and business development
- Expertise in power electronics and related topologies, power modules, wide-bandgap semiconductors (GaN, SiC), peripheral passive components and optoelectronics (OLED, LED, infrared)
- Specialist in electronic energy storage devices of Electrolytic Capacitors, their applications well as other capacitor technologies



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# **Short Introduction**

# Our Team Mates



M.Eng. & M.A.

Stephan Menzel

Senior Key Account Manager

Oversea Sales Division



# **Background:**

- More than 12 years of work experience in passive components & electronics industry
- Expertise in global sales & product marketing, industrial engineering and quality management
- In charge for strategic sales accounts, direct business and product marketing



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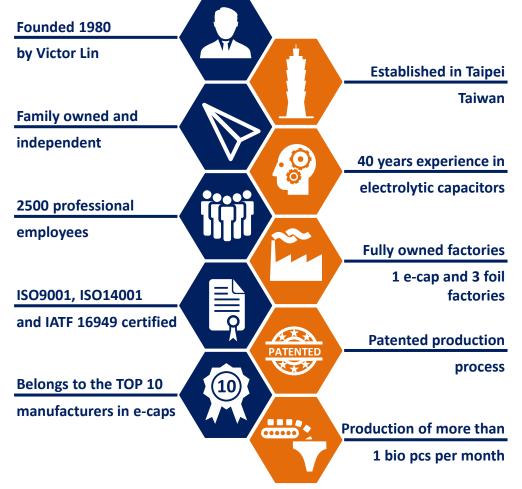
# That's who we are

10 facts about CapXon



Manufacturer of Electrolytic Capacitors











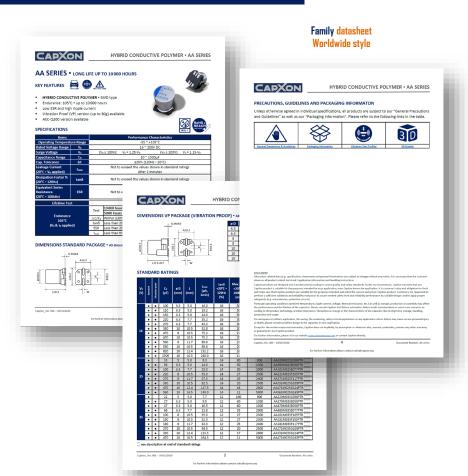
New datasheets / catalogs / website







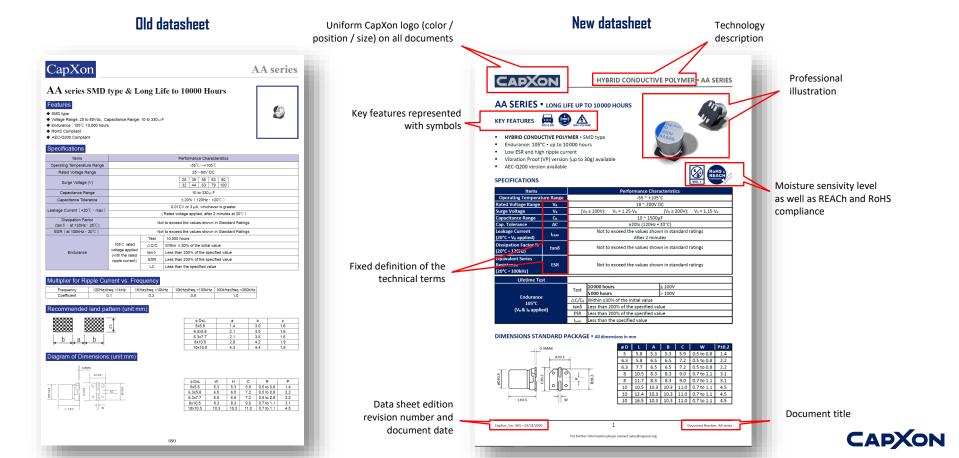








# New Datasheet Structure



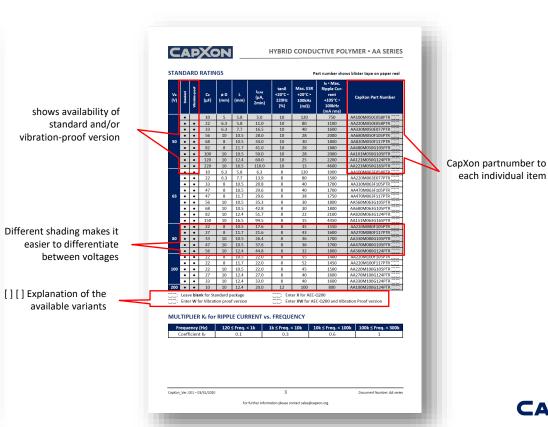
# New Datasheet Structure

# Old datasheet

Ca	рХо	n				AA seri
	dard Ratin					
V.V.	Cap(u,F)	Size	L.C.	tg ŏ	ESR	Maximum Permissible Ripple
(V)	10.7	DxL(mm)	(µA,2min)	(120Hz,20°C)	(mΩ),100KHz)	Current(mA,r.m.s)
	33	5x5.8	8.3	0.14	80	900
	56	6.3x5.8	14	0.14	50	1300
25	100	6.3x7.7	25	0.14	30	2000
	220	8x10.5	55	0.14	27	2300
	330	10x10.5	82.5	0.14	20	2500
	22	5x5.8	7.7	0.12	100	900
	27	6.3x5.8	9.5	0.12	60	1300
35	47	6.3x5.8	16.5	0.12	60	1300
90	68	6.3x7.7	23.8	0.12	35	2000
	150	8x10.5	52.5	0.12	27	2300
	270	10x10.5	94.5	0.12	20	2500
	10	5x5.8	5	0.10	120	750
	22	6.3x5.8	11	0.10	80	1100
0	33	6.3x7.7	16.5	0.10	40	1600
	68	8x10.5	34	0.10	30	1800
	100	10x10.5	50	0.10	28	2000
	10	6.3x5.8	6.3	0.08	120	1000
	22	6.3x7.7	13,9	0.08	80	1500
3	33	8x10.5	20.8	0.08	40	1700
	56	10x10.5	35.3	0.08	30	1800
	22	8x10.5	17.6	0.08	45	1550
80	22	40-40.5	00.4	0.00	20	4700

Ripple Current(mA,rms)et 105°C,100KHz

### New datasheet





# New Datasheet Structure

### Old datasheet

CapXon AA series

# NO ADDITONAL INFORMATION

# **New datasheet**

Further information on packaging, processing, soldering profiles, vibration profiles, 3D models and more

Online version with link to CapXon Website landing page

Catalogue version by naming the correct page

Disclaimer to exclude and limit breaches of duty of care, warranty rights or other breaches of duty



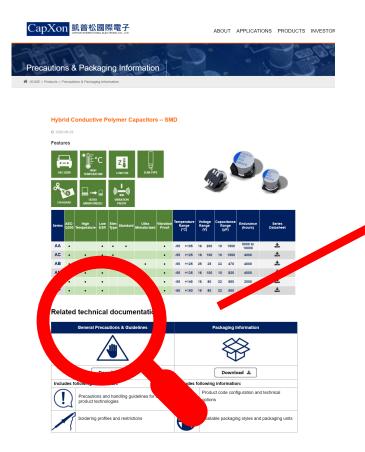
Description of the control data (e.g. specification, teterments and general information) on indigent to change without any notion. It is necessary that the customer shares are specification related into a specification information and anothing instructions.

Copion products are designed and manufactured eccording to revere quality and allerly students, Under an eccinement, Capion warrant that any Capion products are designed and manufactured eccording to revere quality and allerly students. Under the products of the control wide and another than the products in the control wide and another than the products in the control wide and another than the products of the control wide and another than the products of the control wide and another than the products of the control wide and another than the products of the control of the products and relative event of the control of the products and relative event of the control of the products and relative event of the control of the products of the products of the control of the control of the products of the control o

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# Website • Landing Page



### Related technical documentation

General Precautions & Guidelines	Packaging Information								
Download 🕹	Download 🕹								
Includes following information:	Includes following information:								
Precautions and handling guidelines for all product technologies	Product code configuration and technical options								
Soldering profiles and restrictions	Available packaging styles and packaging units								

Vibration Specification	3D - Models						
((( + )))  Top transitor	30						
Download &	Download 🕹						
Includes following information:	Includes following information:						
Vibration Test Profiles	Library of 3D STP-files						

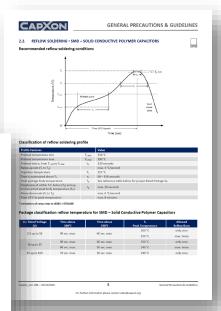


# Precautions & Guidelines





### Soldering profiles



### CAPXON **GENERAL PRECAUTIONS & GUIDELINES**

bination of chemicals which could be critical to the component behavior and can support measurements of compo nent performance after appliance of washing, gluing, filling or coating martials. For specific support, please kindl tact our technical support for further advices.

### 1.1.9. CLEANING AND WASHING Do not wash the assembled capacitors with the following

- cleaning agents:
- Xylene
- can cause deterioration of the rubber seal material Halogenated solvents
- can cause corrosion and electrical failure modes Petroleum based solvents
   - can cause degeneration of the rubber seal material
- Alkali based solvents
- component marking possibly dissolve

After finishing cleaning and washing, the below points

Dry all solvents properly from PCB as well as capacitor sur face sufficiently and apply air blower or air knife, with tem-peratures within the temperature range of the product specification, if needed.

Monitor pH value, conductivity, specific gravity and water content of cleaning solvents to be sure of possible contam-inations and pollution. Contaminations can negatively affect the performance of the capacitor.

### 1.1.10. GLUING, FILLING OR COATING

It is not allowed to use any gluing (adhesives), filling or coating materials, which contains halogenated solvents iogen ions are critical, because they can diffuse or creep in the canacitor through rubber sealing and can possibly serious failure modes for the canacitor

Additionally, please pay attention to the following points:

- between component bottom / nubber sealant is dry and clean before appliance of gluing, filling or coating material. It is important to avoid any contaminatio with chemical residues (e.g. flux residues, cleaning).
- Please follow and meet the stated gluing, coating, filling, heating and curing instructions from manufacturer or supplier of such materials. Be aware of possi-

ble shrinkage of such materials. Verify that the hard-

ening was properly done and that no solvents / agents

There should be no excessive heat nor mechanical

customer side. Be aware of the possible material

which leads to damage on capacitor is not CapXon's

The used materials of gluing, coating or filling can por

sibly react with the marking of component and this

can change optical appearance such as the appear

If the rubber seal surface is fully covered by elving

filling or coating material, it is no longer possible to

have a natural diffusion of gas between the inside of

the capacitor and the ambient. So, to avoid such situ-

ation, it's strongly recommended to block maximum 80% of the sealed section on the bottom side of the

Please find the example below of how gluing could be ap

plied on Radial and Snap-In types.

### China reference example of a Span-in connector 1.1.11. OPERATION AND ENVIRONMENT

As long as the application is powered, in operation and cap is not discharged, the user is never permitted to touch the electric terminals of the capacitor directly or to bridge the electric terminals of the capacitor directly of to bring the terminals by hand or any other conductive liquid or solid material. Otherwise, a short circuit of terminals can happen and a hard discharge can damage capacitor / ap-plication as well as it can harm the operator.

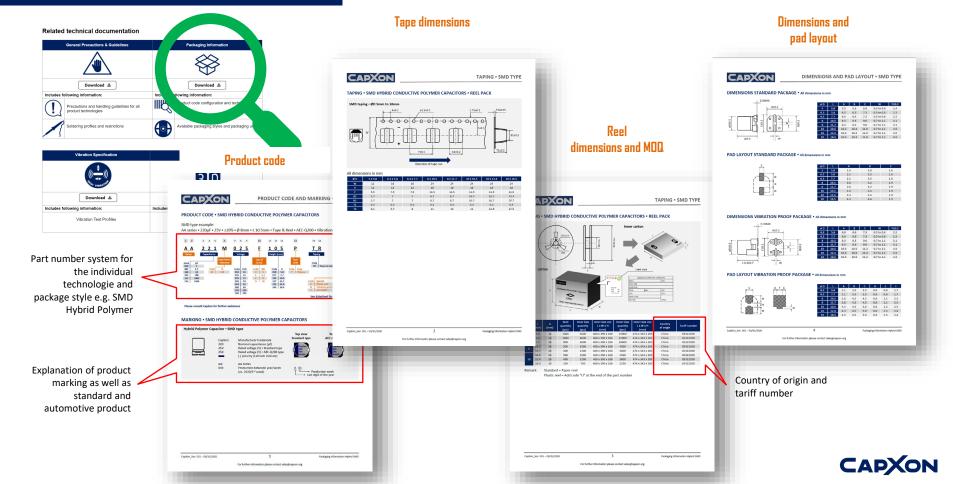
Within operation, please avoid the following environmen

- high sibration, shocks or mechanical stress. For nigh vibration, snocks or mechanical stress. For tested and allowed conditions, please see available references or contact us for details
- avoid direct sunlight, ozone and any kind of radiation corrosive or toxic gases (e.g. ammonium, chlorine

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# Packaging information



# Vibration specification

### Related technical documentation



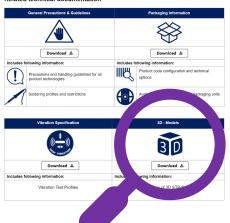
Acceleration graph for standard and vibrationproof package according JIS C 60068-2 / IEC 60068-2





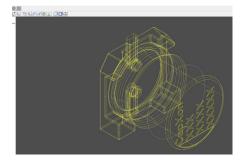
# 3D-Models

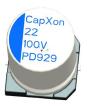
### Related technical documentation

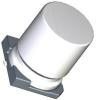


3D modeling is the process of developing a mathematical representation of any surface of an object (either inanimate or living) in three\_dimensions via specialized software

The product is called a 3D model









Zip-file with all step files for different dimensions

_		Name	~ Тур	Komprimierte Größe	Kennwortges	Größe	Verhältnis	Änderungsdatum
		& Hybrid Polymer_SMD_5x5.8	Step File	178 KB	Nein	920 KB	81%	04.06.2020 06:29
		🝰 Hybrid Polymer_SMD_6.3x5.8	Step File	182 KB	Nein	914 KB	81%	04.06.2020 06:29
		🝰 Hybrid Polymer_SMD_6.3x7.7	Step File	183 KB	Nein	917 KB	81%	04.06.2020 06:29
	,	🝰 Hybrid Polymer_SMD_8x10.5	Step File	152 KB	Nein	790 KB	81%	04.06.2020 06:29
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-1		A Hybrid Polymer_SMD_10x16.5	Step File	218 KB	Nein	1.078 KB	80%	04.06.2020 06:29



# **Technical Terms**

# Old catalog



# NO TECHNICAL TERMS

Fixed definition of all technical terms in accordance with international guidelines and designations

For example:  $I_R$  instead of RC for Rated Ripple Current  $I_{LEAK}$  instead of LC for Leakage Current  $tan\delta$  instead of DF for the Dissipation Factor

# New catalog



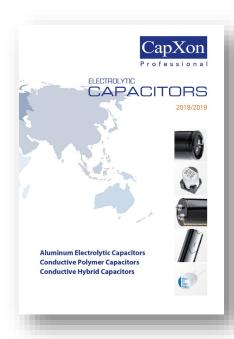


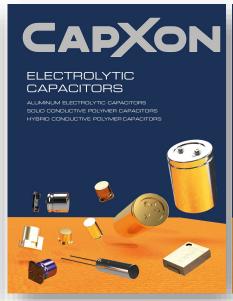


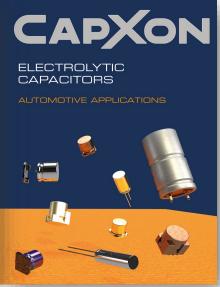


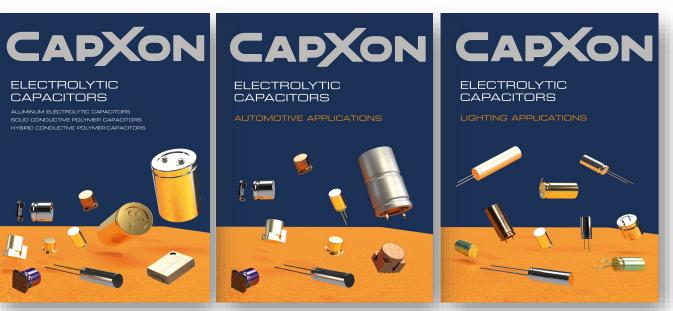
Old catalog

# **New catalogs** Divided into application areas









105 Product Series

Covers **Product Range**  Product Series

AEC-0200 **qualified** 

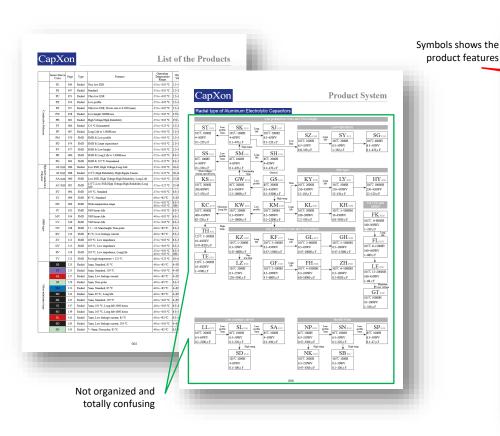
13 Product Series

> Liahtina & Photo Flash Specials

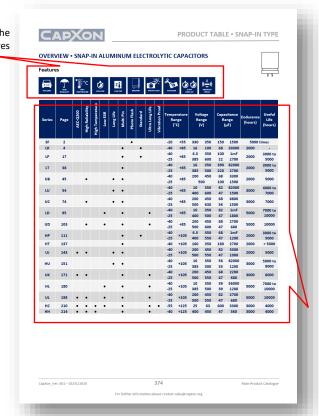




# Old catalog



# New catalogs



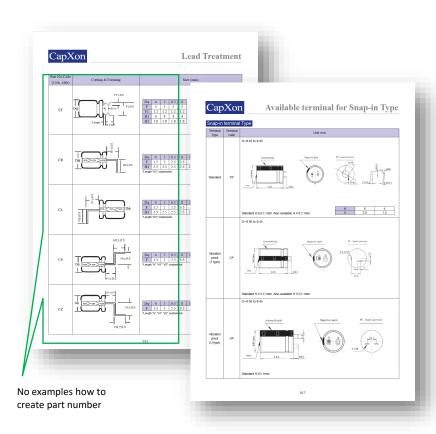
Clear structure and simple to choose the right product

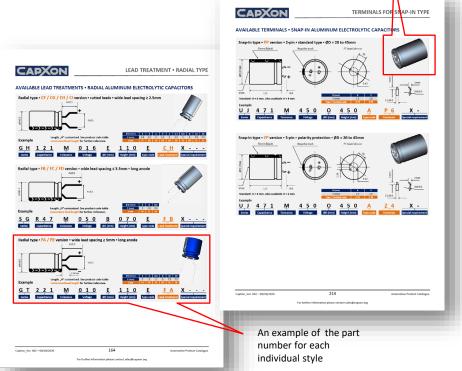


Old catalog

**New catalogs** 

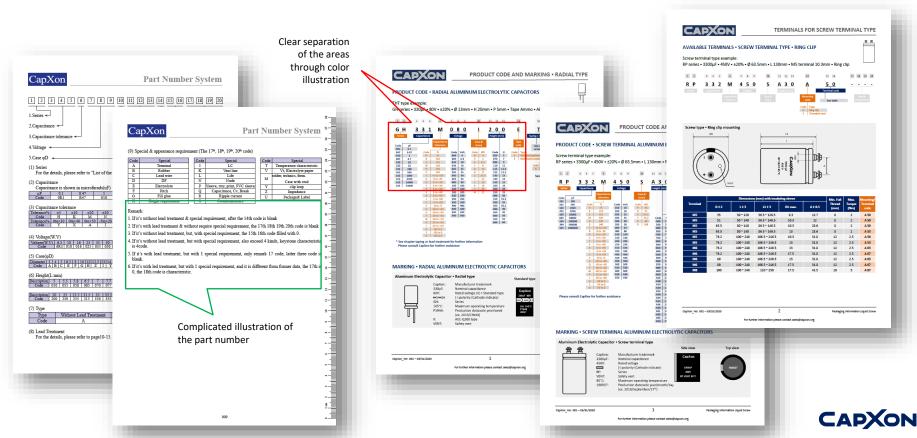
3D drawing for a better understanding of the variant







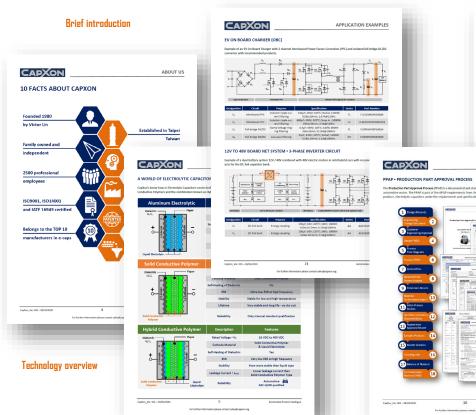
# Old catalog New catalogs

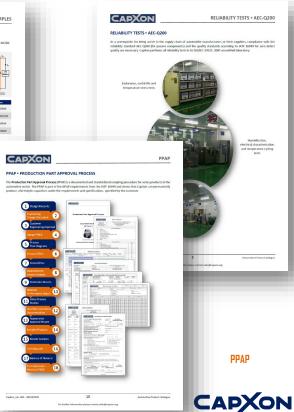


# New catalogs

Old catalog Application examples Reliability facts











# **Technical Compendium**

ucts. Capxon only uses 99.99% pure aluminum in its electrolytic capacitors. Foreign atoms on the surface in connec

### Production steps



CAPXON TECHNICAL INFORMATION

trolytic capacitor with cutting, winding, contacting, impreg-2. PRODUCTION STEPS nating, assembling, aging and final tests take place exclu To achieve the highest level of reliability for all our prodsively in our own production facilities under the strictest

> sens, of which chlorine is the most common. It is thereore warned against the use of halogen-containing agents for removing flux residues on printed circuit boards, as this could result in halogens in the electrolytic capacitors.

The surface of the aluminum foil is enlarged by 50 to 200 times by etching. At CapXon, this is done in its own factories using appropriate continuous baths. The etching process, especially of high-quality high-voltage foils, requires enormous know-how and decades of experience. The exteamely thin foils (30 - 100mm) have to be machanically stable enough to survive the further manufacturing steps like multiple etching, washing, drying, chemical rinsing without damage. Only a high understanding of the comple. processing of etched aluminum foils are the guarantee for

an aluminum electrolytic capacitor of the highest quality

The oxide layer required as a dielectric is produced electrochemically on the anode foil after the roughening proces (etching) by immersing the fail in a bath with borir arid or process is called forming. Over time, the layer thickness in creases, while the current decreases and the voltage on the oxide layer increases. At first very strongly then increas ingly taking a maximum value. Depending on the bath com ition, rated voltages of 650V or higher can be achieved.

rig. 6: Direct link between forming voltage, axide laye thickness and specific capacitance

As ran he seen from the rune above, the canacitance is inversely proportional to the forming voltage.



electrolytic

### Capacitor selection

### Electrical parameters

# CAPXON

### 6.2 HIGH EREQUENCY OUTPUT SMOOTHING

In the output stare on the secondary side, a rectification thing circuit converts the AC voltage supplied by the fast switching MOSFFT into the desired DC voltage. For example, 12VDC. The smoothing circuit can consist capac tors or the combination of capacitor and inductor. See figure 36. The output circuit smooth ripples in the rectified voltage and, also ensure the stability during transient increase in the load current.



When the MOSPET is not turned on, no current flows through the secondary diode and the output capacitors must supply the load with power. When the MOSFET is

turned off, the diode conducts, supplies the load and

The selection of

rent (Ix (RMS)), S

ance values and

to be consider

Very low impedance / ESR to reduce output ripple

Small dimensions

CapXon recommends the technologies and series listed in table 10 for output smoothing

KM FL.KH FH.2H GL.GH PR PR PM.PV PG PS PF PU PW, PX PT - AS - AT AK, AL AM

### Table 10: Recommended Contant series for output smoothing

charges the output capacitors too

The block diagram in Figure 28 shows a microcontroller (µC) that is supplied via a linear voltage regulator, whose output voltage is 5V. In the application we assume a tion) and an operating mode of the µC. As standby current 1mA and as operating current between 50mA and 500mA are necessary for the uC. The threshold value between leads to a sudden current requirement of the uC and to rise times of <500ns on the linear regulator.



These rise times are too fast for the connected voltage reg-

is a voltage drop AV at the input of the u.C. The result would hinary values or in the worst rase, a system reach

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Apart from the ultra low ESR already explained, what are



### 4.3. STABILITY OF ELECTRICAL PARAMETERS

If we compare the solid polymer or hybrid polymer technology with other capacitors designs, the advantages be-

The rangeltance of ceramic canaditors reduces for high capacitance types with the applied volt-are, what has to do with the following facts. Ceramic materials like XSR, X7R, Y4T or ZSU are ferroelec-

tric materials and classified as class 2 ceramics. As higher the applied voltage as lower the permittivity  $\epsilon$ , as lower the capacitance value. The capacitance measured or applied at higher voltage may drop to -80% of the value measured. with the standardized measurement voltage of 0.5 or 1.0V. What that means for the circuit in filters or memory applications need not be further elaborated here. This is the reason for harmonic distortions in audio applications.



stantly loses electrolyte during the tim nent is drying out. The lower the temperati Fig. 23: Change in capacitance as a function of the applied Itage for an MI CC and a polymer canacita

Design rules

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

CAPXON

7 DESIGN BILLES

7.1 ARRANGEMENT

Never arrange electrolytic capacitors near hot component

etc. to avoid thermal heating of the liquid electrolyte

Fig. 36: Recommended distance for optimal cooling

7.2. CONDUCTOR TRACKS

vide 105µm, 200µm thickness or more.

>25W

If possible, leave the half diameter between the electrolyt

capacitors for optimal cooling of the heat-sensitive compo-

Make conductor tracks sufficiently thick. Especially at high

effect was ignored. Large width at 35um doesn't help! Pro

Table 5: Recommended track thickness for high HF RMS

No other conductor tracks may run under an electrolyt

canacitor and the minimum distance to the housing should

such as heatsinks, transformers, power semiconductors

### ture coefficient and thus the temperature dependence of class 2 ceramics add to the difficulty. Depending on the

Fig. 24: Change in capacitance as a function of tempera-

Another point is aging, so the decrease in capacitance over

time. For Class 3 ferroelectric recemic conscitors, this be-

haviour is called "aging". It occurs in ferroelectric dielec-

trics where domains of polarization in the dielectric con-tribute to the over-all polarization. Their degradation in the

dielectric reduces the relative permittivity or over time, so

that the capacitance of ceramic capacitors of class 2 de-

Polymer capacitors do not exhibit such behaviour and be-

have stably over temperature, time, and applied voltage.

In order to achieve a high capacity in the smallest space at

way to use aluminum capacitors with liquid electrolyte.

Apart from the temperature and framers vantages, the lifetime of these capacitors

The use of a liquid electrolyte results in ch

As a result, an aluminum electrolytic card

cal properties over time.

portant and common high-capacitance storage or filter caused material, the canacitance can drift by Jt0% over the entire temperature range, e.g. from -40 °C to +85 °C pacitors in electronic devices. The enormous importance of electrolytic capacitors is re lated to their properties:

. Extremely high CV (capacitance per volume) val ues on the smallest volume

Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitors are by far the most im

- High dielectric strength of even the thinnest laver Relatively high dielectric constant ε (epsilon) of
- . Etching ability of aluminum, which allows a sur face enlargement of up to 200 times and thus a
- dramatic space reduction Very wide range of designs and dimensions

### 1.1. BASIC STRUCTURE OF A

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1. BASICS

When voltage V is applied between both conducting electhe dielectric surface by a proportional relative voltage capacitor to store energy in electric field.



The canacitance can be calculated using the amount of





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the form of heat. creases the internal pressure. If the internal pressure is too high, the overpressure vent opens and the gas escapes in a controlled manner In order not to impair the functioning of the vent, a minimum distance to other components must be maintained

No conducting tracks, wires or other circuit parts may be arranged above the valve



Fig. 37: Minimum distance to be observed for the safe op-

Case diameter Ø	Clearance distance CI
4mm to 16mm	Min. 2mm
18mm to 35mm	Min. 3mm
≥ 40mm	Min. Smm
Table 6: Recommended i between topside capacitor o	minimum clearance distance

Capiton Ver. 001 - 03/31/2020 For further information please contact sales@capion.org Canaritanza (f) Applied Voltage (V)

Charge (C)

(2)  $C = \varepsilon_0 \cdot \varepsilon_r \cdot \frac{A}{\epsilon}$ 

Absolutely Permittivity (8.85 - 10<sup>-12</sup> F/m) Relative Permittivity (F/m) - depending on used

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Surface of capacitor electrode (m<sup>2</sup>)

Distance between the capacitor plates (m)

### 1.2. CONSTRUCTION OF ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

All Aluminum Electrolytic Canacitors are based on the knowledge that an oxide layer, which is electrochemically

uced on aluminum, allows current to pass in one direction and blocks the current in the other direction. Iku ers enable very high dielectric strengths. The mide layer

The oxide layer has a porous structure, even before it is processed in order to achieve an optimal electrical controlyte is used. The limit nenetrates the nores and wettrically via a second aluminum foil (current supply foil)



### Basics

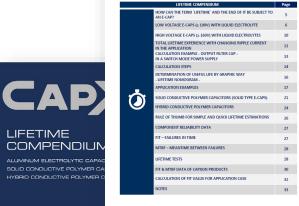




# Lifetime Compendium

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### **Table of Content**



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Technical background



CONTENT

tional heating, the relationship of the thermal resistance, is Like all electronic components, electrolytic capacitors are not ideal components, but have losses that give off in the form of heat under load. For all electronic components, the cooler the component, the longer the expected lifetime. For e-caps the ohmic losses are grouped under the term "ESR" for Equivalent Series Resistance. These include the ohmic losses resulting from the terminals of the capacitor the contact connections of the terminals, the contact resistance of the electrode contacting and the dielectric losses, also referred to as dissination factor tan &

Calculation base

(2)  $P_V = I_A^2 \cdot ESR$ 

Pv Internal power losses (W) Ripple current flowing in the capacitor (A RMS)

Equivalent series resistance (Ω)

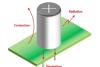


Fig. 3: Thermal output of the e-cap via convection, radio tion and dissination

If the thermal power Pr is now equal to the internal power losses P<sub>V</sub>, the temperature increase caused by the alternating current flowing in the capacitor and in which heat go eration and dissipation are in equilibrium can be deter-

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(4)  $\Delta T_A = \frac{I_A^2 \cdot ESR}{R \cdot A}$ INCREASE ΔT<sub>4</sub>

ΔTA

To calculate the lifetime, the determination of  $\Delta T_A$  - core temperature rise due to the application current in the ca

a.) Temperature measurement of core temperature Te

By this very precise method, a thermocouple (usually a K sensor) is inserted into the capacitor, which is possible only during the production of the e-cap and determines the To its measured secondarily



Fig. 4: Snap-in capacitor with integrated thermocouple for measuring the core temperature The integration of a termograture concor is not that simple and only possible with electrolytic capacitors with correApplication example

CAPXON LIFETIME COMPENDIUM For all CapXon high-performance series ≤ 100V, see table : (8)  $L_A = L_0 \cdot K_{Temp} \cdot K_{Ripple} = L_0 \cdot 2^{\frac{T_0 \cdot K_{ET} - T_A}{10^{\circ}C}} \cdot 2^{\frac{2T_0 - 2T_A}{5^{\circ}C}}$ due to the application current ΔT<sub>0</sub> Core temperature increase (°C) by internal heating due to the rated ripple current Table 6: Maximum permissible core temperature rise due to the nermissible rated alternating current HIGH VOLTAGE E-CAPS (≥ 160V) WITH the canacitor V<sub>e</sub> the thermal stress on its dielectric de-LIQUID ELECTROLYTES life For all cases Vs between 80% to 100% of Vs take dis-Unlike the low-voltage electrolytic capacitors, as described in the previous chapter, in e-cap series with ≥ 160V another factor influencing the life-time is added - the operat ing voltage V4 applied to the elec-KL, KM (≥ 160V), KS, KY, LE, LY, TE (≥ 160V). TH (≥ 160V) HH, HL (≥ 160V), HP (≥ 160V), HT, HU (≥ 160V), LD (≥ 160V), LP (≥ 160V), LT (≥ 160V), LU (≥ 160V), UB, UC, UD, UT, UK, UT CAPXON FF, FR, FS, FT, FU, FW, FX due to th Surface of the capacitor (cm<sup>2</sup>) Fig. 7: Principal diagram for switching mode power supply with active PFC and galvanically isolated output DETERMINATION OF THE CORE TEMPERATURE Operating cycles:

CAPXON LIFETIME COMPENDIUM The first step is to calculate the equivalent 120Hz values for the two application currents in and in as well the resulting BMS. (16)  $I_{Total,RMS} = I_{Equ,1}^2 + I_{Equ,2}^2 + ... + I_{Equ,n}^2$ The necessary ripple current correction factors are shown in table 14. Extract data sheet RH series ency (Hz) 50 (60) 120 300 1k ≥ 3k Ripple current correction factor Kr 0.8 1 1.2 1.5 1,4 Table 20: Rinnle current correction factor for the Canton RH series  $I_{Equ_{a}} = \frac{20.4}{1} = 20.4$  $I_{Total_AMS} = \sqrt{(20A)^2 + (11AA)^2} = 23A$ In the second step, the ripple current ratio I<sub>A</sub>/I<sub>B</sub> can be calculated with  $\frac{I_{Tensi,RMS}}{I_A} \equiv \frac{23.4}{9.74} \equiv 2.5$ Fig. 9: Nomogram for the CapXon RH series with intersection point for the application example The ripple current ratio and the ambient temperature of 60°C show the intersection of the graph in the nomogram. The useful life is between the 50,000h and 100,000h curve, exactly at 60,000h and meets the minimum requirement of > 40,000h.

CALCULATION EXAMPLE - OUTPUT FILTER

200,000 during the operating period of 10 years Operation under different conditions according to the following table: 1.54 109Hz 1.84 120kHz 0.8A 120kHz

10 years = 87.600h

Table 16: Requirement profile for the calculation example - switched-mode power supply Selected Type: GF561M035G250ETA Rated capacitance Cs Rated voltage Vs Rated current Is Dimension Ø x L Endurance

Capition\_Ver. 001 - 06/01/2020 For further information please contact salesabcasson.org **Graphical** estimation

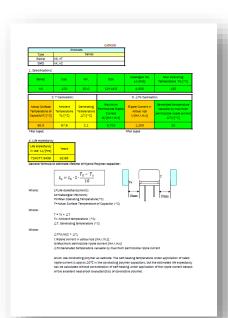
CAPXON



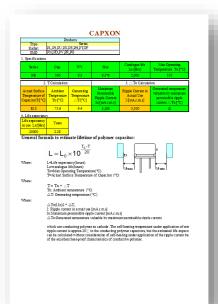


# The Daily Reality

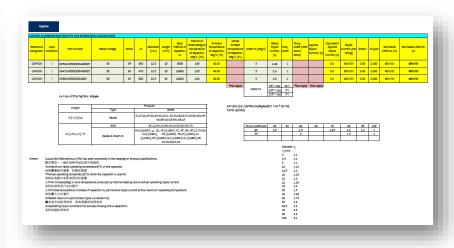
# **Hybrid Conductive Polymer**



# Solid Conductive Polymer



# **Aluminum Electrolytic**



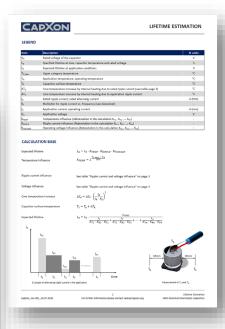


# Lifetime Estimation

### **Calculation basics**

# **Application parameters**

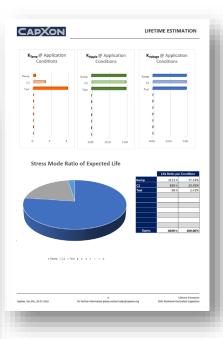




# **Calculation basics**



# Stress mode ratio of expected life

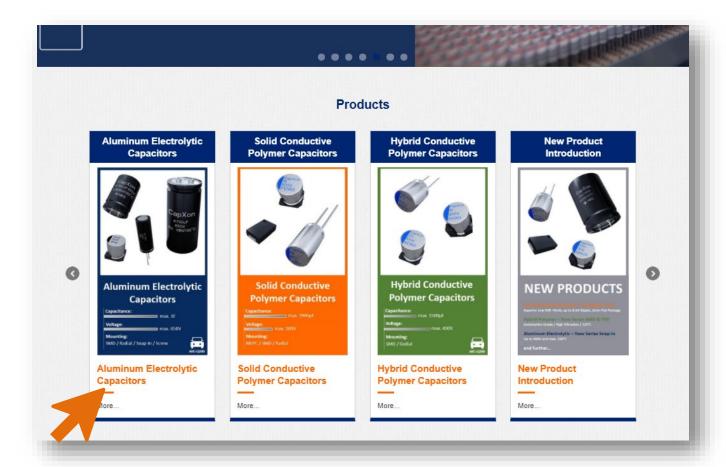






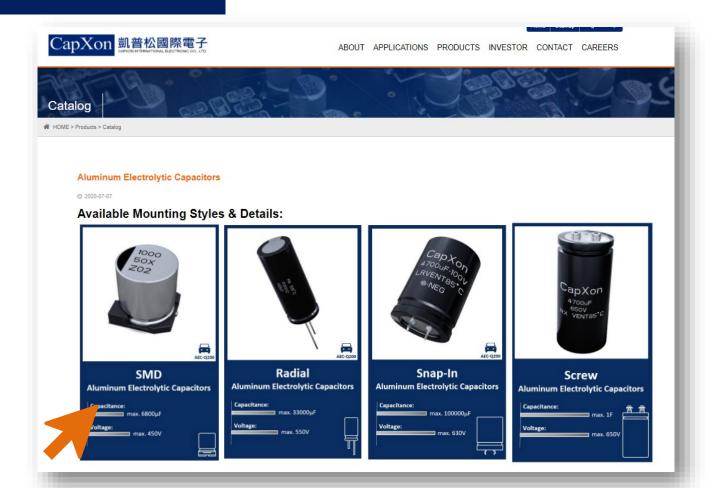


# **Product Overview**





# Styles





# Selection Table

### Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitors - SMD

O 2020-06-29

### Features



























Series	AEC- Q200	Bi- Polar	High Temperature	High Voltage	Long Life	Low ESR	Low Leakage	Standard	Ultra Long Life	Ultra Low ESR	Vibration Proof	Ra	erature nge C)	Rai	tage nge V)	Capaci Ran (µl		Endurance (hours)	Series Datasheet
												Ì	( - )		•				
KV							•					-40	+85	6.3	50	0.1	330	1000	*
NV		•										-40	+85	6.3	50	0.1	560	2000	<u>*</u>
LV	•			•				•			•	-40	+85	4	450	0.1	6800	2000	*
EV	•							•			-	-55	+105	6.3	50	0.1	1500	1000	±
HV	•			•	•						•	-55 -40	+105		100 450	0.1 2.2	6800 68	2000	<u>±</u>
JV	•				•						•	-55	+105	6.3	50	0.1	1000	3000	<u>*</u>
DV	•					•					•	-55	+105	6.3	100	1	6800	2000 to 5000	<u>±</u>
RV	•									•	•	-55 -40	+105		100 450	1 2.2	6800	2000 to 5000	<u>*</u>
MV									•			-40	+105	6.3	50	0.1	1000	5000	<u>*</u>
CV	•								•	•	•	-40	+105	6.3	50	22	1500	7000	<u>*</u>
TV			•								•	-40	+125	10	450	1	330	1000 to 2000	<u>*</u>

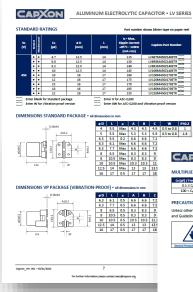


# The Result



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CAPXON ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR • LV SERIES MULTIPLIER K<sub>f</sub> for RIPPLE CURRENT vs. FREQUENCY PRECAUTIONS, GUIDELINES AND PACKAGING INFORMATON Unless otherwise agreed in individual specifications, all products are subject to our "General Precautions and Guidelines" as well as our "Packaging Information". Please refer to the following links in the table.

VIOLUMENTAL
All product related data (e.g., specification, statements and general information) are subject to change without any notice. It is necessary that the customer occurries all product related technical / application information and handling instructions. covervies to procure makes tenomical policiation informations and examining foundations. Chipolisi procured are registered are resultablessed lines where the policial polici

Document Number: LV series

For serospace or military application, life-swing, life-surtaining, safety critical applications or any application where tailure may cause severe personal injury or death, please consult up before design-in the capacitor in your application. Except for the written expressed warmerlip, Caption does not implicable, by assumption or whetever else, warment, undertake, promise any other warmerly or guaranty from you platin product.

For further information, please visit our website www.capsongroup.com or contact Capiton directly. Capiton Ver. 001 - 08/81/2020



### **Products Search**



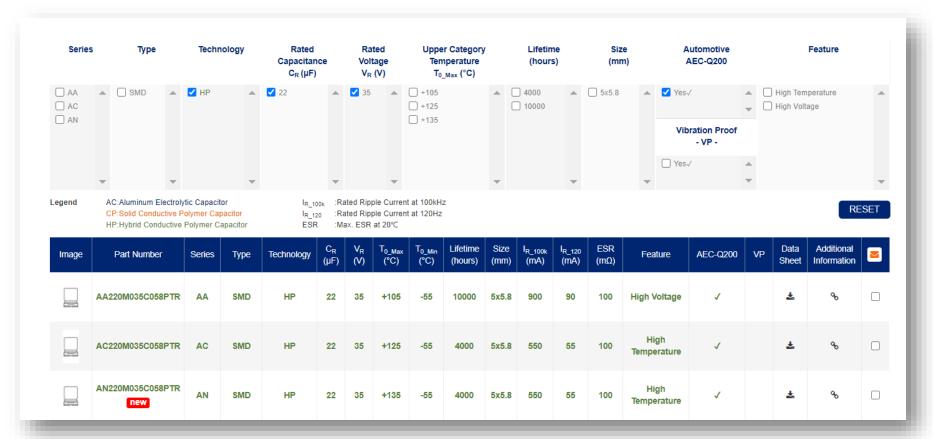


### **Products Search**





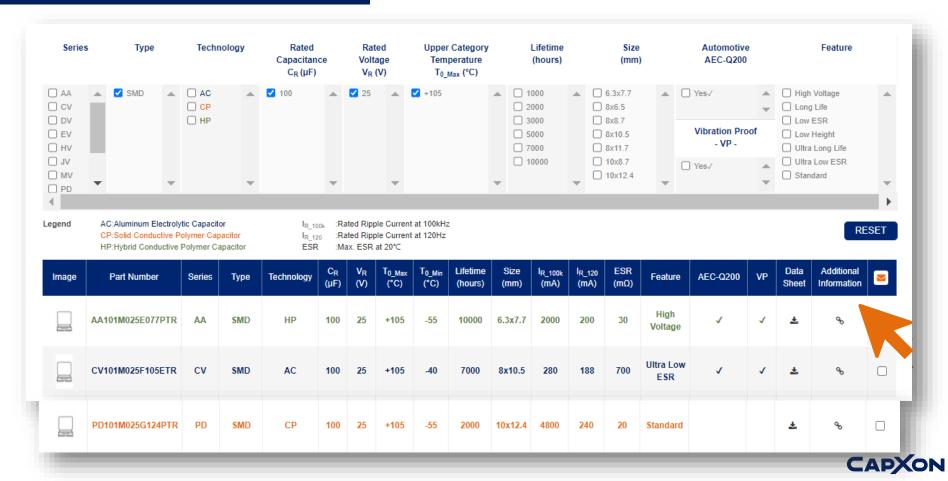
# Products Search • Example





### Products Search • Example

### **Technology independent**



# **Additional Information**

### Related technical documentation: **General Precautions & Guidelines Packaging Information** Download 🕹 Download 🕹 Includes following information: Includes following information: Product code configuration and technical Precautions and handling guidelines for all options product technologies Available packaging styles and packaging Soldering profiles and restrictions units **Vibration Specification** 3D - Models Download & Download & Includes following information: Includes following information: Library of 3D STP-files Vibration Test Profiles

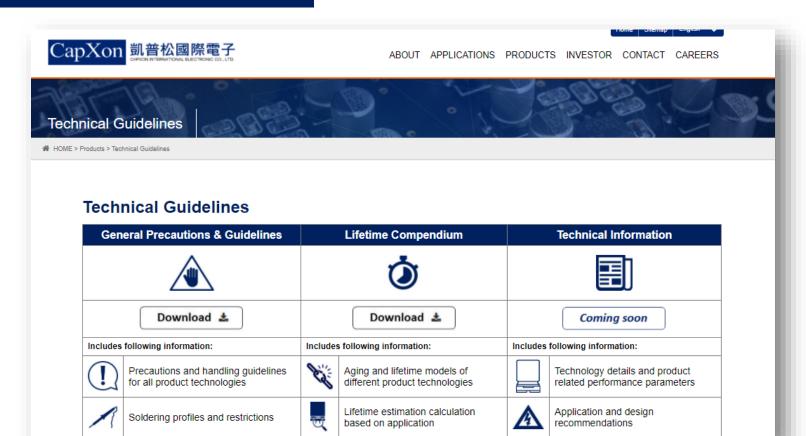


### **Technical Guidelines**



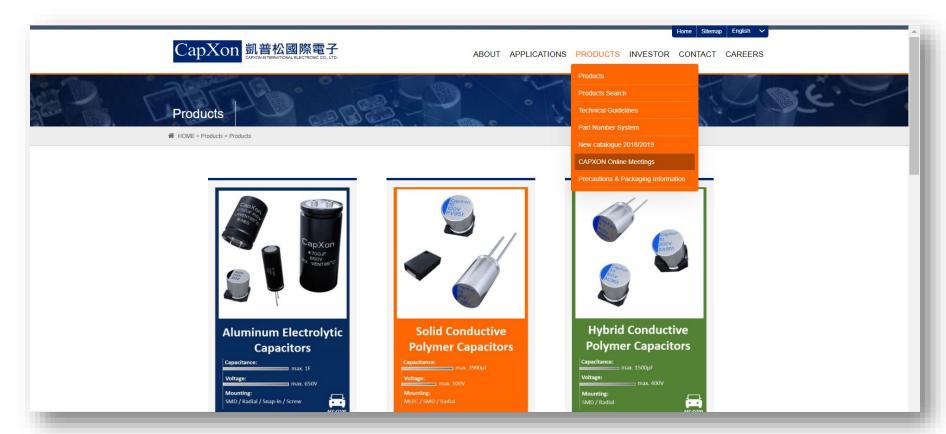


### **Technical Guidelines**





### **Technical Guidelines**





# CAPXON - Design Your Seminar -

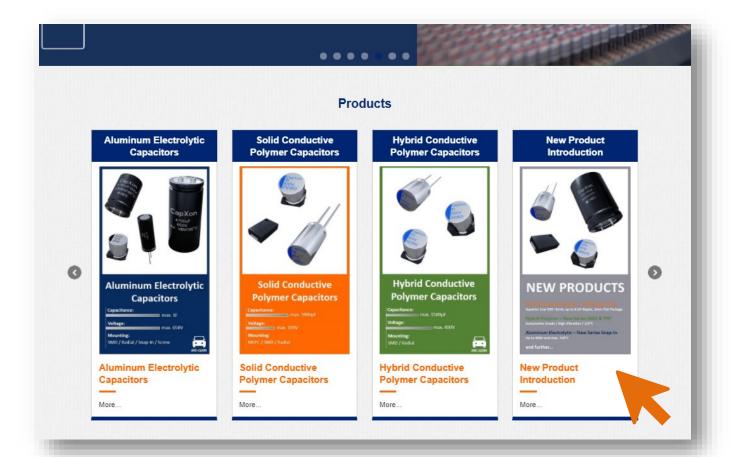


### Select out of the below topics:

General & Commercial		Characteristics & Performance		Design & Application	
Capacitor Basics What is a Capacitor and how does it work? Parameters like ESR, Impedance, Leakage Current,	25 min	Component Limitations What a cap can do and what you should avoid	30 min	<b>Design Rules</b> Taking care of design guidelines and optimizing your design for better performance	25 min
Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitors Technology overview and specific performance characteristics: - Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitors - Solid Conductive Polymer Capacitors - Hybrid Conductive Capacitors	20 min	Failure Modes If a failure occurs, what can happen and how to understand root causes	20 min	Lifetime Estimation and Cap Dimensioning Influence of ambient condition, operating voltage, ripple current, cooling, Examples of lifetime calculations - Aging and related challenges	35 min
Capacitor Technology Comparison Electrolytics vs. MLCC vs. Tantalum Caps - what you need to know and what are the pros and cons of each	25 min	Cap Selection Finding the right choice and what to take care of at dimensioning: - Dimensioning of used Capacitance / Voltage - How much ripple current can be applied - Setting of allowed drift limits	25 min	DC-Link, PFC & Buffering Applications Choosing the right cap for your topology and desired performance	25 min
Cost Ratio Potential  How to drop costs and still achieving lifetime and performance targets	20 min			Filter Design with Electrolytic Capacitors Input and Output filter recommendations and proper cap technology selection	20 min

CAPXON Online Meetings

# New Product Information





### New Product Information



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#### New Product Introduction

O 2020-08-18

### Solid Conductive Polymer - Multilayer Chip

- XA Series - Flat Package, Ultra-Low ESR 5mΩ

#### Hybrid Conductive Polymer - New Series SMD & THT

- AA Series High Voltage200V, Low ESR 100mΩ
- AB Series High Ripple Current 2.8A, Ultra-Low ESR 20mΩ
- AK Series High Temperature 135°C, Ultra-Low ESR 14mΩ
- AL Series High Temperature 145°C, 2000h Endurance
- AM Series Ultra-High Temperature 150°C, 1000h Endurance
- AN Series High Temperature 135°C, Ultra-Low ESR 16mΩ
- AP Series Ultra-High Temperature 150°C, 1000h Enduranc
- AR Series High Temperature 145°C, 2000h Endurance
- AS Series High Voltage 400V, Low ESR 150mΩ

### Aluminum Electrolytic - New Series Snap-In

- HC Series High Temperature 125°C, Low Voltage 25 to 63V
- HH Series High Temperature 125°C, High Voltage 400 to 450V













### New Product Information

#### NPI - New Product Information

**Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitors** 

Series: HC

High Temperature 125°C, Low Voltage 25 to 63V



### Radial type Voltage Range: 25VDC up to 63VDC Capacitance Range: 600μF up to 3300μF **Endurance:** 4000h @ 135°C

30g • ref. IEC 60068-2-6

#### Features:

- AEC-Q200 qualified
- · High vibration resistance Double Cramp Design
- . Low ESR & high ripple current capability
- · Resistance to high temperature max. 125°C
- · 2-pin, 3-pin and Multipin terminals available

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#### **Applications**:

High

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#### \* Aut NPI - New Product Information

**Hybrid Conductive Polymer Capacitors** Airc

Series: AS

High Voltage 400V, Low ESR 150mQ **NPI – New Product Information** 

#### Mounting: Radial type Voltage Range: 16VDC up to 400VDC Capacitance Range:

1.2uF up to 1500uF Endurance: 2000h up to 10000h @ 135

30g • ref. IEC 60068-2-6

- AEC-O200 qualified
- · High breakdown voltage
- · Downsizing of various applications
- · Very high ripple current capability

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phone: +886-2-8692-6611 phone: +49-7121-14

### Flat Package, Ultra-Low ESR 5mΩ

**MLPC - Solid Conductive Polymer Capacitors** 

MLPC - Multilayer Chip SMD

Voltage Range:

2VDC up to 25VDC Capacitance Range:

10μF up to 470μF

Endurance: 2000h @ 105°C





#### **Applications:**

- · Digital and high frequency devices
- · Voltage stabilizing in LCD and LED panels
- · Buffering of CPUs, FPGAs, graphical cards and sensor ICs
- Input and output smoothing in USB power supplies and power banks



#### Features:

· Only 1.9mm height

Series: XA

- · No DC bias and piezzo-electric effect
- · Stable capacitance across temperature range
- Miniaturization by substitution of existing MLCC bank designs
- No dry-out effect guarantees extremely long life

#### Compliance:

- RoHS & REACh
- Halogen Free
- JIS-C-5101-25



#### **Production Status:**

- · Mass Production starts end of 2020
- Samples available

#### ooking for detailed Specification, Samples or Quote?

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